



AfriChild
Research. Policy. Impact.
The Centre for the study of the African Child



Annual Report 2017-2018

Two years of generating evidence, improving policies and building capacity to improve the wellbeing of children and families in Uganda

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Our Partners:



This Annual Report was compiled and edited by Ninsiima Racheal and Nicholas Makharashvili

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE

The AfriChild Center has marked yet another successful year in the implementation of the vision, mission and objectives as laid out in the strategic plan. It's with pleasure that I share with you our annual report 2018.

Established in 2013, AfriChild is a growing institution that continues to make commendable strides as a Centre of Excellence for the Study of the African Child. The year in review highlights critical research studies that were undertaken by the Centre to enrich the existing body of knowledge in the areas of violence against children, children outside family care and education.

With the aim of influencing policy and practice; efforts have been directed towards widely disseminating these studies to ensure effective uptake by the practioners and policy makers. In this regard, the Centre has also invested in working with practioners and policy makers in making useful meaning of these research findings and supporting them in acquiring skills to translate research into policy and programs.

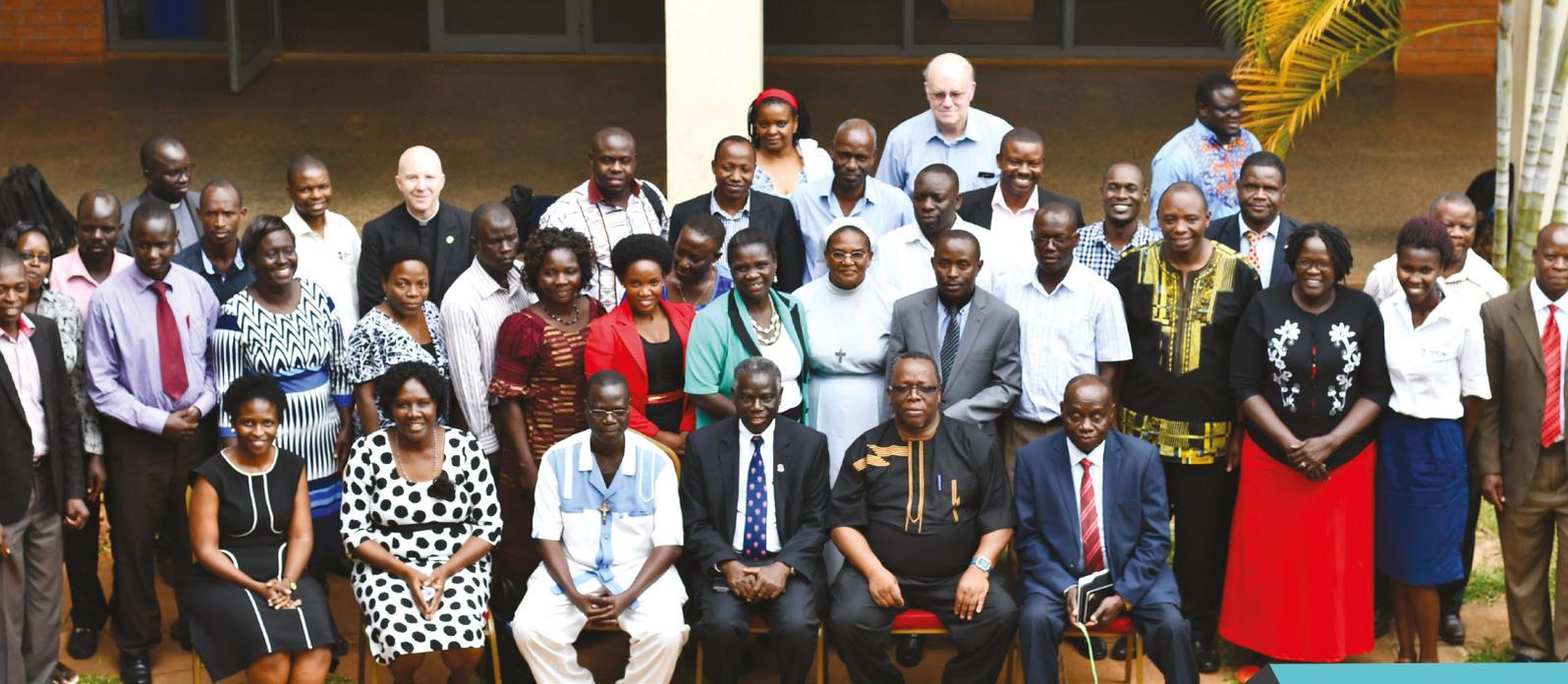
At the heart of AfriChild's vision is building local capacity to undertake rigorous scientific research that is child focused. The Centre interested and entered into a memorandum of understanding with seven universities as part of our maiden inter-university child-focused research methods training program. This program targets equipping university lecturers with knowledge and skills in child focused research.

Laudable progress has also been made is the area of governance and institutional development. The Center completed legal registration with the registrar of companies and constituted her very first executive board that comprises reputable individuals from varying disciplines. The board has hence reviewed and approved critical policy documents that have enabled the institution streamline its operations and management practices among others.

Finally, I am once again grateful to all staff at AfriChild who are responsible for this tremendous work in the past year. Credit also goes to the supportive Executive Board of Directors who have steered the organization in the right direction and overseen several policy reforms. This has ensured that AfriChild upholds good governance standards and practices. We are also appreciative of our partners and the donors without whom this work would not be possible.

Sincerely,

Timothy Opobo
Ag. Executive Director



01 OVERVIEW OF THE AFRICHILD CENTRE

ABOUT AFRICHILD

AfriChild Centre is a child focused multidisciplinary research institution based at Makerere University in Uganda. Established in January 2013, the AfriChild Centre undertakes multidisciplinary research, evidence-based knowledge building, skills development and influences policy and practice for the wellbeing of the African child. The Centre fits squarely within the ensuing global initiative aimed at promoting learning, advocacy, and building human resources capacity to promote child protection. It also fits in the efforts pursued by the Uganda Government, civil society organizations (CSOs) and development partners in building an effective national response to children in adversity.

The Centre was founded by Makerere University College of Humanities and Social Sciences (CHUSS) in collaboration with the Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development (MOGLSD) and the Care and Protection of Children (CPC) Learning Network partners in Uganda, including: ChildFund International-Uganda, Transcultural Psychosocial Organization (TPO), Columbia University and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) Uganda. The Center was founded with seed funding from OAK Foundation with ChildFund as the fiscal sponsor. The Centre is managed by a Secretariat headed by the Executive Director. The Secretariat is governed by a Board of Directors, which in turn reports to the Annual General Meeting (AGM), composed of founding organizations.

OUR VISION

A world where society invests well in children as a key element of sustainable development.

OUR MISSION

The AfriChild Centre generates research that contributes to the evidence base to improve the lives and wellbeing of the African child. It does this in collaboration with the public and private sectors, academia and civil society.

OUR GOAL

AfriChild will be a multidisciplinary research Centre that contributes to evidence-based knowledge building, skills development and influences policy, programming and practice concerning the wellbeing of the African child.

OUR PRINCIPLES

The AfriChild Centre through its mandate to improve the lives and wellbeing of the African child adheres to the principles of: Excellence, Ethical Conduct, Partnership Building, Fostering Innovation, Capacity Building, Translating Research into Action and Child Rights.



02 PROGRAMMATIC PRIORITIES

The AfriChild Centre is a multidisciplinary child focused research and knowledge development centre that contributes to building evidence, knowledge and skills to influence policy, and enhance programmatic practice concerning wellbeing of the African child, especially on the African continent.

During 2017-2018, AfriChild's activities aimed to scale impact through the following core program areas:

Building Local Child-Focused Research Capacity.

At the core of AfriChild's work is to strengthen research capacity within higher education institutions in Uganda to better understand the determinants of children's well-being and welfare; and more effectively support and influence relevant policies and practices.

Advocating for and Influencing Evidence-Informed Policy Discourse.

AfriChild is effectively leveraging its connections at the highest government level to intensify their focus on services and programs with the greatest potential to reduce violence against children and improve their welfare.

Generating Evidence for Child Protection and Wellbeing.

AfriChild is committed to utilizing sophisticated research methods to conduct rigorous research and generate evidence on what works in child protection in Uganda.

Building a Platform for Collaboration and Knowledge Management.

Being a learning organization, AfriChild is continually leveraging its multi-stakeholder connections to build and operationalize the platform for cross-sector collaboration and knowledge exchange.



03

OUTCOMES AND IMPACT

1. BUILDING LOCAL CHILD FOCUSED RESEARCH CAPACITY

Training researchers and practitioners to conduct and uptake child-focused research studies

At the core of AfriChild's work is to strengthen research infrastructure and capacity within higher education institutions in Uganda to better understand the determinants of children's well-being and welfare and more effectively support and influence relevant policies and practices.

With funding from OAK Foundation, the AfriChild Centre set out to train 30 mid-level researchers from seven Ugandan universities in rigorous child-focused research methods. To effect this, the Centre signed Memorandums of Understanding with seven universities, including Makerere University, Kyambogo University, Muni University, Gulu University, Uganda Christian University, Uganda Martyrs University and Nsamizi Institute of Social Development. The 30 trainees were nominated by participating universities from fields of education, health, psychology and social sciences.

The training was largely informed by a needs assessment, which revealed the gap in research capacity. More specifically, in relationship to conducting child focused research, there was a lack of holistic understanding of children’s issues.

The 10 mentors were selected from participating universities to provide hands-on and tailored support to trainees. The mentors, selected through the competitive process by AfriChild, included distinguished academics and professors in the field of education, health, social science and psychology.

The initial two-day training was held on July 25-26, 2017 at Uganda Christian University (UCU) with selected trainers, mentors and trainees. The 17 participants came from diverse backgrounds and included five mentors from the seven universities, four expert trainers, AfriChild board members and staff. The foundational training workshop was delivered from January 22- 2 February 2018 and aimed at building capacity of mentors and AfriChild staff in ethics and principles of participatory research and methodological issues in child focused research. As a key outcome of the training, each participant identified a child-focused research topic and developed a concept with the guidance from the assigned mentor. Building on the first, the second training, held between 18th and 29th June 2018, enhanced participants’ capacity to analyze data, work with various research models and write winning research proposals for funding. The expert trainers included Prof. Fred Wabwire-Mangen and Dr. Siu Godfrey of Makerere University, Prof. Rosalind Lubanga of Nsamizi Institute and Dr. Sheba N. Gitta of AfriChild. This training was practice-based where through group work exercises, participants drafted and refined their research proposals to appeal to a wide array of local as well as international funders.

In an effort to ensure the application of knowledge and skills acquired by the trainees, AfriChild issued an internal call for proposals for seed research grants to all program participants. The Uganda Child Focused Research Agenda 2015-2020 provided thematic areas that guided participants in their topic selection. All seven universities were successful in securing seed research grants to undertake child focused research.

BELOW ARE THE TITLES OF THE RESEARCH STUDIES UNDERTAKEN BY PARTICIPATING UNIVERSITIES:

UNIVERSITY	RESEARCH TITLE	AUTHORS
Makerere University	Children’s Experiences and Perspectives on Parental and Community Involvement in their Schooling.	Balikoowa R.; Siu G.; Mbabazi C.; Nuwagaba R.; Mugambwa J.; Mukwenda H.; Musinguzi P.; Onen D & Ojiambo D.
Nsamizi Training Institute of Social Development	Rights Based Approach to HIV/AIDS Prevention and Utilization of Services by and Adolescents in Iganga District	Naggayi S. B.; Kamashazi S & Lubanga G.N
Uganda Christian University	Menstrual Hygiene Knowledge, Attitude and Practices in Primary Schools in Mukono District: A Girl Child’s Perspective.	Mukhwana F.; Tumwebaze J.; Tumuramye D.; Bwire J.; Umarworth R.; Wabulembo I & Maate U. K.

Uganda Martyrs University	The effects of child labour on the education and health of children working in stone quarries in Kabale District.	Tukundane C.; Akello L. D.; Ndibazza J & O'dama M.K.
Muni University	Child Labour and Learning Outcomes in Fishing Communities in Pakwach District	Pacuto S; Arop D.M; Oloya B & Picho E.
Kyambogo University	Views of children on parental roles in promoting primary school retention in Busoga region.	Eron L.; Kaahwa M.G.; Emurugat I.A; Ejuu G.
Gulu University	Examining Household Socio-Economic Status and Parenting Style on Adolescent Development.	Opio A.; Olido K.; Awacorach J & Oryema C.



Prof. Peter Ubomba conducts a training session

Training of practitioners and policy makers in evidence-based interventions to address violence against children in Uganda

From 12-15 November 2018, AfriChild held a capacity building training for 30 multi-disciplinary practitioners and policy makers from NGOs and government bodies in evidence-based interventions to address VAC in Uganda with specific focus on child abuse and sexual exploitation (CSAE). This training is part of AfriChild's project: 'Building the Next Generation of Researchers" which aims to empower academics, policy makers and practitioners to conduct as well as utilize rigorous child focused research. Participating organizations included REPPSI, Dwelling Places, World Vision Uganda, LACCODEF, Parenting Uganda, Men-Engage Federation and TPO-Uganda. The government participants represented the Ministries of Health, Education, Gender and Justice. At least 60% of workshop participants committed to using research and best available

evidence to inform their work in relation to addressing violence against children with focus on CSAE. The research undertaken by AfriChild will inform and influence the development of child focused policies and practices in Uganda.



Above: Participants engage in a group discussion during a training session.



Above: Some of the civil society practitioners who attended the practitioners training organised by AfriChild at Fairway Hotel

Advocating for and influencing evidence- informed policy discourse

AfriChild puts forth data and information arising from research studies, program evaluations and reviews to stimulate informed discussions and dialogue on policy and practice pertaining to children. In this regard, the Centre plays a catalytic and transformative role, deliberately engaging key policy makers to appreciate the use of scientific evidence and application of research data in the development of appropriate legislation and policies.

The Centre reaches out to practitioners, social service providers and NGOs to share findings from evidence driven research, facilitate application of research findings and adaptation and replication of evidence-based practices. Therefore, AfriChild collaborates with selected government and NGO partners on interventions deemed relevant to its knowledge development and research needs. These projects provide ground for experiential learning, piloting and application of promising practices before they can be replicated. Below are some of the activities that the Centre has undertaken in this regard.

Meeting with MPs to Review the draft national policy

AfriChild Centre, together with MGLSD, held a breakfast meeting with the Members of Parliament on July 20, 2017 at the Kampala Serena Hotel. The objective of the meeting was to review the National Child Policy aimed to harmonize national efforts to realize children's right to survival, development, protection and participation. The draft policy is informed by studies conducted by the Centre, focusing on VACS quantitative and qualitative research findings.

The draft Policy accentuates aspects of social inclusion and puts the family first. Its objective is to harmonize national efforts to realize children's right to survival, development, protection and participation. It sets out a number of goals which Uganda should achieve if child wellbeing is to improve. These include: 1) centrality of the child; 2) family first; 3) social inclusion; 4) addressing root causes of vulnerability and risk and 4) life-course approach to developmental risk and protection. AfriChild will leverage its trust and connections with the highest levels of government to ensure the successful implementation of the policy

Press briefing on violence against street connected children

On April 12 2018 (International Day for Street Children), AfriChild released its key findings on risk and protective factors for street-connected children. Doreen Ampumuuza and John Apota, researchers at AfriChild, put a spotlight on adverse impacts of physical and sexual violence against street-connected children in Uganda. The findings indicated that a dire 60% of all street girls, aged 9 to 17 years, had been raped and defiled. Moreover, some who are taken off the streets to work as child domestic workers are forced into having forced sex, including with dogs. For boys, sodomy is common. The report pins police, mechanics, step parents, thugs and Kampala Capital City Authority personnel as main perpetrators. Joyce Wanican, AfriChild's former Executive Director, concluded the conference with several calls to action to reduce the number of children who have to turn to the streets to survive.



John Bosco Apota, a research associate explains research findings during the press conference



Doreen Ampumuza, an AfriChild research associate is interviewed by the media.

Meeting with Residential Care Institutions

On September 20 2017, AfriChild held a dissemination meeting with nine residential care institutions (RCIs) where data for the study on violence perpetrated against children in RCIs was collected. The objective was to disseminate findings on violence against sexually exploited and street connected children and ones in RCIs to spur action toward improving the well-being of children under residential care. The meeting was attended by 19 participants: 10 from RCIs, seven from AfriChild, the Principal Investigator for the RCI research and the MGLSD official.

Participants validated the findings and acknowledged that severity of the abuse taking place in these institutions. They attributed the abuse to lack of skills to address multiple vulnerabilities and heavy work load of care takers. RCI managers reported that sponsors were reluctant to provide support to children in family settings, not willing to resettle children and neither strengthen families in order to prevent unnecessary separation. They recommended targeted advocacy with donors to support deinstitutionalization of children.



1. Freeman Kato, a senior officer coordinating alternative care in the Ministry of Gender delivers his remarks during the meeting.
2. Luwum Geofrey, an official from Kampiringisa Rehabilitation Centre gives a comment during the meeting

Regional dissemination meetings for the violence against children studies

In November 2017, AfriChild, in collaboration with Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development (MGLSD) organized nine regional dissemination meetings on VACS qualitative and quantitative studies. The meetings were designed to update relevant actors at the sub-national level on study findings and solicit their perspectives on possible response actions to VAC.

The meetings were held in Masaka, Mbarara, Fort Portal, Arua, Lira, Soroti, Mbale, Jinja and Mukono districts. Participants included Chief Administration Officers, District Chairpersons, District Probation Officers, District Community Development Officers, Uganda Police (Child and Family Protection Units), religious and cultural leaders, local NGOs and CSOs from all districts in Uganda.

AfriChild Centre presented its two qualitative study findings, whereas MGLSD and Uganda Bureau of Statistics presented quantitative VAC survey findings. AfriChild aimed to humanize the data from search by supporting dissemination and discussions through documentaries on VACS against street connected children and community-driven initiatives to scale up positive parenting. The key outcome of the meeting were advocacy messages developed by AfriChild and shared with relevant stakeholders, including MGLSD.



1. A probation officer shares his thoughts with conference participants during the dissemination in Jinja district.
2. Dr. Firminus Mugumya, a research associate with AfriChild presents research findings to conference participants in Mukono.

Advocacy meeting with Kampala Capital City Authority (KCCA)

In August 2017, AfriChild Centre met with KCCA Director of Community Services and five Kampala City Probation Officers to discuss findings of the qualitative research on violence against street connected children, sexually exploited children and children living in residential care institutions. KCCA officials were implicated as perpetrators of violence against street connected children. The survey respondents reported that KCCA law enforcement staff use disproportionate force to round them off the city streets and take them to detention centers. These findings and recommendations were discussed to provide evidence-based strategies to address the challenges of street connected children. KCCA officials committed to train law enforcement officers on child rights and to enact by-laws to address the challenges of street connected children in Kampala. KCCA officials also pledged to use the research findings to inform revision of laws and policies on street children. AfriChild will continue its advocacy work with the government as it relates to the protection of street-connected children.

Advocacy through Documentaries

AfriChild Centre, led by the Communications and Advocacy Officer, produced two documentaries during the stated time period. The first documentary puts a human face to study on violence against street connected children and highlights the role of peer researchers in the study process. The 17-minutes documentary draws viewers to the swelling number of street connected-children in Kampala before plunging into testimonies of children that have faced violence on the streets. To contextualize this violence, interviews with the police, KCCA and the commissioner of Youth and Children in MOGLSD are included. The documentary highlights different scenes where children are prone to physical and sexual violence such as night clubs and markets. It concludes with various stakeholder recommendations to improve the plight of street-connected children. The documentary can be accessed here: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c5V1kZ-PuuU2>

The second documentary focuses on a community driven initiative to scale-up positive parenting practices in Lira district. The 14 minutes documentary highlights community's initiative to scale-up positive parenting project in Lira. These include formation of hygiene clubs in primary schools, establishment of village savings and loan associations (VSLAs) to enable parents' ability to pay for their children's education and formation of farmer field schools to teach parents modern methods of farming. Documentary can be accessed here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=2&v=pDVlphzcu6Q

The two documentaries have been played at high level meetings such as the regional dissemination meetings of VACS with district leaders.

Production of policy briefs

In June 2017, AfriChild Centre contracted a consultant to develop policy briefs to augment the official VACS report. The briefs address a range of themes derived from the VACS qualitative reports. Four policy briefs have been developed addressing:

1. The health needs of street connected children affected by sexual violence in Kampala.
2. Supporting Uganda's domestic workers affected by violence.
3. Violence faced by children living in Residential Care Institutions in Uganda.
4. Protecting Ugandan Children from harm at home.

The policy briefs were disseminated in different fora targeting policy makers, including the Ugandan Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development (MGLSD) and other governmental departments, such as Ministry of Education and Sports (MoES); Ministry of Health (MOH) and the Parliamentary Forum on Children (UPFC), the police, development partners, Civil Society Organizations (CSO) and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO) that work to improve the well-being of children.

Conference on the Family

On May 21 and 22 2018, the AfriChild Centre together with Uganda Christian University (UCU)-Mukono held the first ever Conference on the Family under the theme: 'The Family in the 21st Century: Strong? In Crisis? Changing? What is the future of this foundational unit of life in the community and nation?' The conference was opened by Hon. Janet Kataaha Museveni, the first lady of Uganda and was attended by religious, cultural and political leaders. The conference aimed at providing a forum for the presentation and discussion of various issues including violence against children; Family and socio-cultural space: opportunities and challenges and family, freedom and children's development, among others.

AfriChild used the conference to disseminate its research findings on ICT and VAC; social norms connected to VAC and risk and protective factors for VAC in residential care institutions.



The First Lady, Hon. Janet Kataaha Museveni delivers her speech during the Conference on the family.



Some of the participants who turned up for the Conference on the family.

2. GENERATING EVIDENCE FOR CHILD PROTECTION AND WELLBEING

Throughout the region, there are notable gaps in undertaking basic and applied research as well as linking research to policy and practice. There is significant lack of evidence about which policies and programs most effectively protect children and enable them to reach their full developmental potential. This lack of evidence has implications on policymakers and practitioners' capacity to ensure that children reach their full potential. This weak evidence base creates inefficient resource flows by allowing for the continuation of ineffective and sometimes harmful practice. Therefore, the Centre has taken steps to fill these glaring gaps through scientific rigorous driven relevant research. These are some of the research projects that AfriChild has embarked on:

Study on Mentoring and Educational Outcomes for Pupils in Primary Schools in Uganda.

The AfriChild Centre conducted a study to examine the relationship between mentorship, school retention, academic achievement and psychosocial well-being of children in primary schools in Uganda. The specific objectives of the study were:

- To identify existing mentorship models in Ugandan schools.
- To examine the contribution of existing mentorship models to school retention, academic achievement and behaviour of pupils in primary schools in Uganda.

Specific activities implemented include the following:

In August 2017, Dr. Hillary Mukwenda Tusiime, a research associate with AfriChild was contracted as a Principle Investigator to implement the study. This study aimed at exploring how mentoring influences educational outcomes for pupils in primary schools in Uganda. Specifically, the study is intended to explore the mentorship styles used in primary schools in Uganda; and to explore how mentoring influences academic achievements, retention and behavior of pupils in primary schools in Uganda. Descriptive and exploratory research designs were used to guide this study. The population of the study consisted of pupils, teachers, parents and members of School Management Committees (SMC) from 15 primary schools in the districts of Oyam, Pakwach, Kiryandongo, Mukono and Iganga.

The sample comprised of 540 pupils, 75 parents, 150 teachers and 75 members of School Management Committees (SMC) leading to a total of 840 respondents.

Data collection was conducted from March 25-31 2018, from 15 sampled schools in five districts.

Study on the Restatement of Customary Practices for Child Protection and Securing the Right to Education in Buganda

This study was implemented by the Centre for Justice Studies and Innovation (CJSI) under direct supervision of AfriChild. The one-year research project aimed to improve the well-being of children in Uganda through increasing the number of children (boys and girls) attaining education and free from sexual violence through identification of positive cultural practices in communities that facilitate child protection and education but may not be documented and/ consistently practiced. Specific goals of the project were to document practices in Buganda to establish customary principles of protection of children from sexual violence and ways of promoting children’s right to education.

The long term objective of the research was to complete Phase 2 of the documentation of customary practices facilitating children’s right to education and protection from sexual abuse in Buganda kingdom. The specific goals of the project were to document practices in Buganda to establish customary principles of protection of children from sexual violence and ways of promoting children’s right to education.

A randomized control trial study on enhanced Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) interventions for children affected by conflict and displacement in northern Uganda.

AfriChild together with Columbia University and World Vision prepared and submitted a proposal to World Vision UK to the Research in Humanitarian Crises (R2HC). The proposal focused on a randomized control trial study on enhanced Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) interventions for children affected by conflict and displacement in northern Uganda. AfriChild is leading the qualitative research arm of the study while Columbia University heads the quantitative arm.



An ongoing Focus Group Discussion during the Mentorship Study.

3. BUILDING A PLATFORM FOR COLLABORATION AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

Multi-sectoral Task Force (MSTF) consultation meeting:

A consultation meeting of the Violence Against Children Survey (VACS) report writing was held on October 31, 2017 at Imperial Royale Hotel, Kampala. The purpose of the meeting was to obtain input from multiple sectors. The meeting was attended by 40 participants from government ministries, UN organizations, multinational organizations, international and local NGOs and academic institutions.

Furthermore, AfriChild participated in various post-VAC strategic meetings/events and is a member of the National Violence against Child in Schools (VACiS) Inter-sectoral committee, Child Protection Working Group (CPWG), the Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVC) Strategic Information Working Group and the National technical working group developing the Uganda Child Policy and its five-year implementation plan.

Worked closely with the Program Learning Group (PLG) to assess the issues of children and youth such as capacity gap analysis for stakeholders

In the last financial year, AfriChild worked with the National Child Protection Working Group (NCPWG) and UNICEF to disseminate the findings from the Child Protection Systems Mapping Report at different forums such as working group meetings and consultative meetings with the various Ministries during the development of the Child Protection (CP) National strategy.

Key recommendations were as follows:

- Government to update and consolidate existing CP laws, policies, standards and regulations; simplify and disseminate them more effectively and institute practice standards and regulations for all key child protection actors.
- Engender a more integrated and systematic approach to child protection through improvement in coordination, cooperation and collaboration among child protection actors.
- Government and child protection actors must address the scattered and disconnected nature of child protection services at all levels.
- Child protection actors to scale up efforts that promote community dialogue on controversial child protection issues and strengthen links with the media.



04 LESSONS LEARNED AND NEXT STEPS

Demand for Scaling Up Evidence-Based Programmes.

There is growing demand and momentum for evidence-based programming amongst CSOs and government. As a local organization, AfriChild is in a unique position to leverage its experience and expertise, momentum, political will and other enabling conditions to support the scale up, implementation and uptake of evidence-informed programming in Uganda. Furthermore, the Centre will work closely with the INSPIRE Implementation Working Group to support and advice on the diffusion, uptake and monitoring of evidence-based interventions highlighted in the INSPIRE package in Uganda.

Ongoing Advocacy with Government.

There is need for ongoing advocacy at different government levels to shape and implement policies based on best available evidence. The Centre will seek to constantly reinforce the need to translate evidence generated through research into meaningful policies and programs.

Need for Multisectoral Actions and Coordination.

There is a growing realization among practitioners and government bodies in Uganda that no one single actor can achieve a meaningful change alone. Building on the increased interest by a number of local as well as international organisations and partners to work with the Centre around child protection issues, AfriChild will continue to catalyse its platform to foster multisectoral coordination.

Gaps in Local Research Capacity.

The training program has demonstrated the gap and need for more investment in building local research capacity as it relates to not only conducting research but also translating it into practise. Building on its pilot training program and already strong inter-university partnership, AfriChild will seek to continue investing in the next generation of researchers and practitioners working on child protection issues in Uganda.

05

FINANCIAL STATUS OF AFRICHILD CENTRE

PARTICULAR	GRANTS	CONSULTANCIES	OPERATIONS	TOTAL
Income	2,015,049,878	11,080,400	246,489,842	2,272,620,120
Project Bvl	152,112,199			152,112,199
Project Jsi	208,141,394			208,141,394
Project Follow On	1,314,561,205			1,314,561,205
Project Vacs	340,235,080			340,235,080
Consultancies		11,080,400		11,080,400
Operations			246,489,842	246,489,842
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,015,049,878	11,080,400	246,489,842	2,272,620,120

PHOTO GALLERY



Sheik Juma from Muslim Supreme Council makes a remark during the practitioners training



The Executive Director, Mr. Timothy Opobo shares insights on AfriChild during a dissemination meeting in Soroti.



AfriChild rewards students of Atira Primary School with books for successfully steering menstrual hygiene management in school



Children participate in data collection during a research undertaken by AfriChild



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